Properties of Operations

Commutative Properties

You can add or multiply numbers in any order and the sum or product will be the same.

Examples:

$$10 + 5 + 3 = 5 + 3 + 10 = 18$$

 $7 \times 5 = 5 \times 7 = 35$

Identity Properties

You can add zero to a number or multiply it by 1 and not change the value of the number.

Examples:
$$17 + 0 = 17$$

$$45 \times 1 = 45$$

Associative Properties

You can group numbers differently. It will not affect the sum or product.

Examples:

$$2 + (7 + 6) = (2 + 7) + 6 = 15$$

 $(4 \times 5) \times 8 = 4 \times (5 \times 8) = 160$

Multiplication Property of Zero

If you multiply a number by zero, the product will always be zero.

Example:
$$12 \times 0 = 0$$

Find each missing number. Tell what property or properties are shown.

1.
$$9 \times 5 = 5 \times$$

2.
$$\times$$
 89 = 89

3.
$$(3+4)+19=3+($$

5.
$$+ 18 = 18 + 12$$

6. Reasoning What is the product of any number, x, multiplied by 1? Explain how you know.